



> Smart  
Contract

Audit #



BES

Nov 29  
2021



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Table of contents.....	3
Methodology .....	4
Structure of contact BES .....	5
Verification check sums .....	9

# METHODOLOGY

## MAIN TESTS LIST:

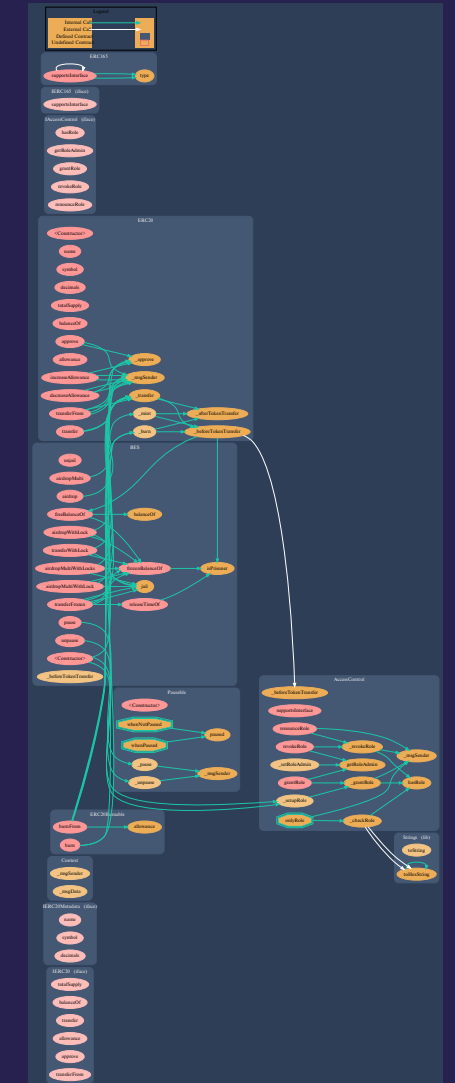
- ◆ Best code practices
- ◆ ERC20/BEP20 compliance (if applicable)
- ◆ Logical bugs
- ◆ General Denial Of Service(DOS)
- ◆ Locked ether
- ◆ Private data leaks
- ◆ Using components with known vulns
- ◆ Weak PRNG
- ◆ Unused vars
- ◆ Unchecked call return method
- ◆ Code with no effects
- ◆ Pool Asset Security (backdoors in the underlying ERC-20)
- ◆ Function visibility
- ◆ Use of deprecated functions
- ◆ Authorization issues
- ◆ Re-entrancy
- ◆ Arithmetic Over/Under Flows
- ◆ Hidden Malicious Code
- ◆ External Contract Referencing
- ◆ Short Address/ Parameter Attack
- ◆ Race Conditions / Front Running
- ◆ Uninitialized Storage Pointers
- ◆ Floating Points and Precision
- ◆ Signatures Replay

# STRUCTURE OF CONTRACT

## BES

### CONTRACT METHODS ANALYSIS:

- ◆ `jail(address account,uint256 until,uint256 amount)`  
Jail method overrides until time. So, every time it is called until time is set again. So is user will have 1000 tokens which are going to be released in 2 weeks and admin for example calls method `transferWithLock` specifying our user and for example 500 tokens which should unlock in 1 month, user will now have 1500 tokens that will unlock in 1 month, instead of having 1000 tokens unlocking in 2 weeks and 500 tokens unlocking in 1 month. We find this logic incorrect and suggest that it requires refactoring in order to store each of locks individually.



Pic. 1.1  
BES

- ◆ `unjail(address account)`  
Function should be declared external
- ◆ `isPrisoner(address account)`  
Vulnerabilities not detected
- ◆ `releaseTimeOf(address account)`  
Vulnerabilities not detected
- ◆ `frozenBalanceOf(address account)`  
Vulnerabilities not detected
- ◆ `freeBalanceOf(address account)`  
Vulnerabilities not detected
- ◆ `pause()`  
Function should be declared external
- ◆ `unpause()`  
Function should be declared external
- ◆ `airdropMultiWithLocks(address[] memory to,uint256[] memory amount,uint256[] memory until)`  
Function should be declared external.  
Recommended to store `.length` of array in a variable instead of calling it every time in a loop, in order to optimize gas usage

- ◆ `airdropMultiWithLock(address[] memory to,uint256[] memory amount,uint256 until)`  
Function should be declared external.  
Recommended to store `.length` of array in a variable instead of calling it every time in a loop, in order to optimize gas usage
- ◆ `airdropMulti(address[] memory to, uint256[] memory amount)`  
Function should be declared external.  
Recommended to store `.length` of array in a variable instead of calling it every time in a loop, in order to optimize gas usage
- ◆ `airdropWithLock(address[] memory to,uint256 amount,uint256 until)`  
Function should be declared external.  
Recommended to store `.length` of array in a variable instead of calling it every time in a loop, in order to optimize gas usage
- ◆ `airdrop(address[] memory to, uint256 amount)`  
Function should be declared external.  
Recommended to store `.length` of array in a variable instead of calling it every time in a loop, in order to optimize gas usage

- ◆ `transferFrozen(address recipient, uint256 amount)`  
Function should be declared external
- ◆ `transferWithLock(address recipient,uint256 amount,uint256 until)`  
Function should be declared external
- ◆ `beforeTokenTransfer(address from,address to,uint256 amount)`  
Vulnerabilities not detected



# VERIFICATION CHECK SUMS

Contract Name	Solc version	Optimisation	Bytecode hash (SHA 256)
BES	0.8.9	200	69d9993663a541aa5ab438f b58e2b97afa7c914c6550e4f cd39fc1e88aafa7d4



# Get In Touch

---

[info@smartstate.tech](mailto:info@smartstate.tech)

[smartstate.tech](https://smartstate.tech)

